

# SPM-VFDHP

## 40kW Three Phase Inverter Stack

With Optional SiC FET / IGBT Switches



### DESIGNED FOR RESEARCH & EDUCATION

**SPM-VFDHP** is high power 3 phase inverter stack that comes with optional SiC or IGBT switches suitable for wide variety of applications. It is specially designed with flexibility and reliability in mind for applications such as motor drive inverters, 3 phase active rectifiers and PV-inverters.

### OVERVIEW

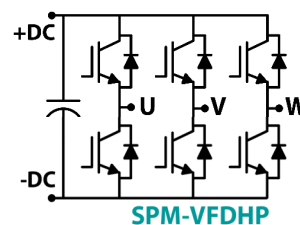
SPM-VFDHP is a high-power three phase inverter stack designed with flexibility and reliability in mind. It can be ordered with either SiC or IGBT switches based on application switching frequency requirements. Furthermore, a safe and easy method for connection and disconnection of the power terminals is provided with the help of lever-actuated spring cage terminal blocks. The inverter stack is equipped with a directly pluggable gate driver module which has test points and LEDs providing instant visual feedback during run-time and fault conditions. In addition, isolation optocouplers have been used for better EMI immunity and handling of high dv/dt spikes, making it suitable for applications having excessive noise such as motor drives and meeting the challenges of high-speed switching with SiC FETs. The inverter built-in protection features include short circuit protection, over temperature protection & serviceable Varistor based over voltage protection, additionally, overload protection can be achieved using a standard 63A circuit breaker. The system reliability and MTBF is also greatly enhanced by using 900V DC-Link film capacitors which can handle high currents, high temperatures and even higher than rated voltages without failure or degradation. Thus, providing dependable operation during service lifetime.

### SPECIFICATIONS

| Parameter                   | Note                 | IGBT                          | SiC FET  |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|----------|
|                             |                      | Specifications                |          |
| Input Voltage               | Maximum              | 750 VDC                       | 750 VDC  |
| Input Voltage               | Recommended          | 600 VDC                       | 600 VDC  |
| Output Current              | RMS, Max. Per Phase  | 50 A                          | 50 A     |
| Output Power                | 600 VDC, 415 VAC Out | 36 kVA                        | 36 kVA   |
| Output Power                | 700 VDC, 480 VAC Out | 41.5 kVA                      | 41.5 kVA |
| Overload Capacity           | 30s Max. @ 25°C      | 150%                          | 150%     |
| Over-Voltage Protection     | Varistor: V25S625P   | 825 VDC                       | 825 VDC  |
| Short Circuit Protection    | Gate Driver Based    | ✓                             | ✓        |
| Short Circuit Current       | Typical              | 315 A                         | 210 A    |
| Over Temperature Protection | Trips @ 85°C         | ✓                             | ✓        |
| Over Load Protection        |                      | ✗                             | ✗        |
| Switching Frequency         | With Derating        | 30 kHz                        | 50 kHz   |
| Switching Frequency         | Without Derating     | 5 kHz                         | 20 kHz   |
| Dead-time                   | Minimum              | 2.2 µs                        | 0.3 µs   |
| Logic Supply                |                      | 15 VDC, 1A                    |          |
| Login Input Voltage         | See Ordering Guide   | 3.3/5/15V                     |          |
| Login Input Current         | See Ordering Guide   | 10mA (LI) / 2mA (HI)          |          |
| Input Propagation Delay     | Maximum              | 60ns (LI) / 120ns (HI)        |          |
| Feedback Supply Voltage     |                      | 2.7~5.5V                      |          |
| Feedback Supply Current     | Maximum              | 5 mA                          |          |
| Cooling                     |                      | Forced Air                    |          |
| DC-Link Capacitance         |                      | 200µF   900V                  |          |
| Capacitor Type              |                      | Metallized Polypropylene Film |          |
| Dimensions                  |                      | 260 x 292.5 x 161.5 (mm)      |          |
| Weight                      |                      | ~12 kg                        |          |

\* All Specifications at 25 C Ambient.

### BASIC SCHEMATIC



### KEY FEATURES

- ✓ Built-in SCP, OTP & OVP Protections
- ✓ High MTBF 900V DC-Link Film Capacitors
- ✓ Screw-less Power Connectors
- ✓ Isolated Control Inputs & Outputs

### APPLICATIONS

- ✓ Three Phase AC Motor Drive
- ✓ Three Phase Grid-Tie Inverter
- ✓ Single Phase Solar Inverter with MPPT
- ✓ Active PFC Rectifier

### OPTIONS

- ✓ SiC FET / IGBT Switches
- ✓ High Impedance / Low Impedance Inputs
- ✓ Controller Input Voltage

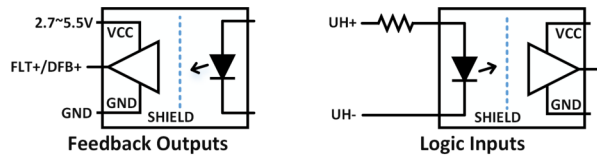
### ORDERING GUIDE

|             |   |                        |   |                            |   |  |   |                             |
|-------------|---|------------------------|---|----------------------------|---|--|---|-----------------------------|
| SPM         | - | VFDHP                  | - | SiC                        | - | 50   | - | LI                          |
| SPM: Series |   | VFDHP: 3Phase Inverter |   | SiC: SiC FET<br>IGBT: IGBT |   | 50: 5V Inputs<br>33: 3.3V Inputs<br>15: 15V Inputs |   | LI: 10mA I/O<br>HI: 2mA I/O |

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

### Input Voltage and Impedance Selection

The inverter configuration options include the input voltage and impedance, both of which have to be selected depending on the controller to be used with the inverter. While lower impedance (10mA sink current) is preferred for higher noise immunity, standard DSP controllers do not support this current and require higher impedance inputs (2mA). Also, to control the input current that is driving the input optocouplers, a series resistance is selected based on the supplied input voltage. Therefore, using the controller voltage as a criterion, this resistor is configured during assembly process accordingly. Below are the schematics for logic I/Os:



### Fault Feedback and Reset

There are two fault feedbacks governing the operation of the inverter, providing feedback for short circuit and over temperature protections. Both faults disable the inverter to avoid permanent damage. The controller in use can monitor both faults to take necessary control action, however, for both feedbacks to be operational, feedback power supply needs to be given to power up the isolation optocouplers. To reset the fault using the controller, please refer to used gate driver datasheet which may vary depending on the configuration of the inverter being used.

### Power Switches Selection Guide

Switching frequency sets the main criterion for the selection of the power switches in the inverter. Standard IGBT switches are enough for applications such as motor drives, however, when higher switching frequency is required, SiC switches are better suited. Besides, if power requirement is lower and efficiency is not a consideration, then IGBT switches can also be used for up to 30 KHz switching frequency. Please refer to derating curves of output power vs operating switching frequency to select a switch for your application.

### Overload Protection

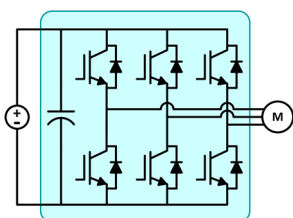
The inverter does not have a built-in over load protection, however, that can be easily achieved using a standard 63A circuit breaker at the output (such as 9926253560, 3D60UM etc.). Since the inverter is capable of overloading for a short period of time, circuit breaker trigger time is comfortably enough to protect the inverter against any damage. Additionally, over temperature protection can always kick in to protect the inverter against light continuous over load.

### Safety and Reliability Considerations

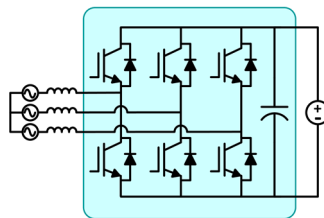
To insure safe and reliable operation of the inverter, certain measures need to be taken. For instance, DC-Link capacitors are directly connected to the input terminal block, hence, if power is supplied from an uncontrolled source, large inrush current may flow. To avoid this, input voltage ramp-up is the best option. Furthermore, application specific considerations must be taken. For example, in motor drive applications, energy can flow from the motor to the inverter during de-acceleration which causes DC-Link voltage to go up and potentially trigger the varistor protecting the DC-Link capacitors. To prevent this, the motor needs to be slowly de-accelerated or power supply with sink function needs to be used. Lastly, to ensure safety and avoid EMC issues, the inverter must be connected to the building earth which will ensure any charges that build up on the inverter due to leakage currents are safely dealt with.

## APPLICATION EXAMPLES

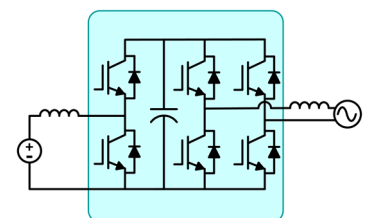
### Three Phase AC Motor Drive



### Active PFC Rectifier

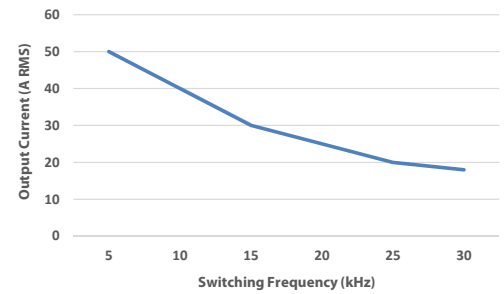


### Single Phase Solar Inverter with MPPT



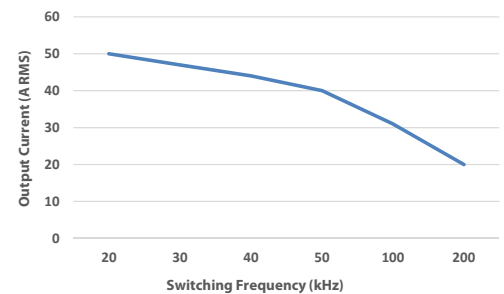
## DERATING CURVES

Output Current (IGBT) vs Switching Frequency



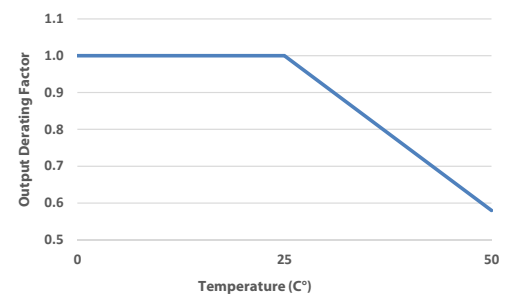
@ 25°C Ambient Temperature, 600V DC-Link, Sinusoidal Output Current

Output Current (SiC) vs Switching Frequency

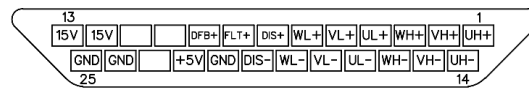
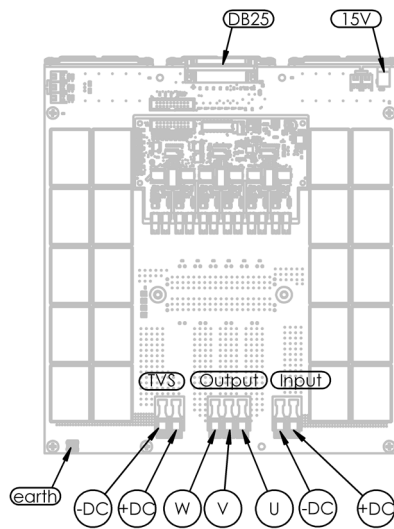


@ 25°C Ambient Temperature, 600V DC-Link, Sinusoidal Output Current

Ambient Temperature Derating



## PIN MAPPING



## DB25

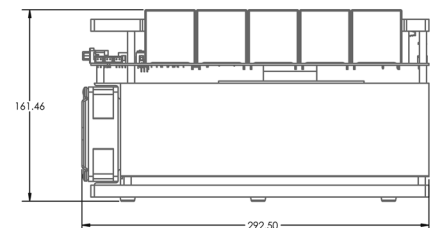
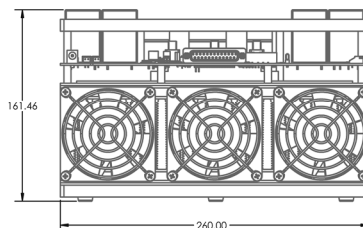
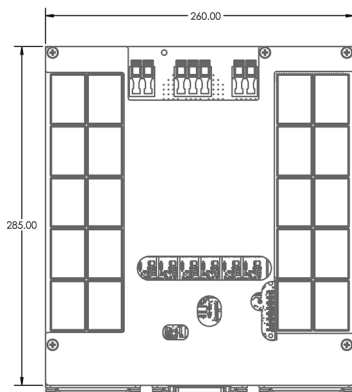
## DB25 Pin Mapping

| Name            | Connector (Pin No.)                               | Description   |
|-----------------|---|---|
| Fault Feedback  | FLT+(8)   | Fault feedback (active low), 2.7~5.5V need to be supplied through +5V pin                                   |
| OTP Feedback    | DFB+(9)   | OTP feedback (active low), 2.7~5.5V need to be supplied through +5V pin                                     |
| Feedback Supply | GND(21), +5V(22)                                  | 2.7~5.5V need to be supplied to enable feedback   |
| Disable         | DIS+(7), DIS-(20)                                 | Input disable signal, active high will drive all switches to LOW  |
| UH, VH, WH      | UH+(1), UH-(14), VH+(2), VH-(15), WH+(3), WH-(16) | High side switches input signals  |
| UL, VL, WL      | UL+(4), UL-(17), VL+(5), VL-(18), WL+(6), WL-(19) | Low side switches input signals   |
| Logic Supply    | 15V(12,13), GND(24,25)                            | Optional 15V logic supply to power up fan and gate drive circuit, normally disconnected by jumper resistors |

## Connectors Mapping

| Name   | Connector (Pin No.) | Description  |
|--------|---------------------|--|
| Input  | +DC, -DC            | DC-Link input terminal block   |
| Output | U, V, W             | 3 Phase output terminal block  |
| Earth  | Earth               | Earth safety connection, also connected to heatsink                                      |
| TVS    | +DC, -DC            | TVS Varistor terminal block to protect against DC-Link over voltage                      |
| DB25   | DB25                | Logic input/output signals connector (female DB25)                                       |
| 15V    | 15V DC Adapter Jack | 15V logic supply to power up fan and gate drive circuit. Adapter included: SWI15-15-E-P5 |

## MECHANICAL



## SAFETY NOTICE!

ATTENTION PLEASE! THIS DEVICE IS ESD SENSITIVE AND NEEDS TO BE HANDLED WITH CARE. HIGH VOLTAGE CONDITION MAY OCCUR DURING OPERATION OF THE DEVICE, AND HENCE USER IS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE OF EQUIPMENT AND PERSONNEL SAFETY. TARAZ TECHNOLOGIES SHALL NOT BE HOLD LIABLE FOR ANY DAMAGE TO PERSONNEL AND/OR PROPERTIES AS A RESULT OF USING THIS DEVICE. USER MUST TAKE ADEQUATE STEPS TO ENSURE ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL SAFETY OF THE DEVICE IN USE.

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